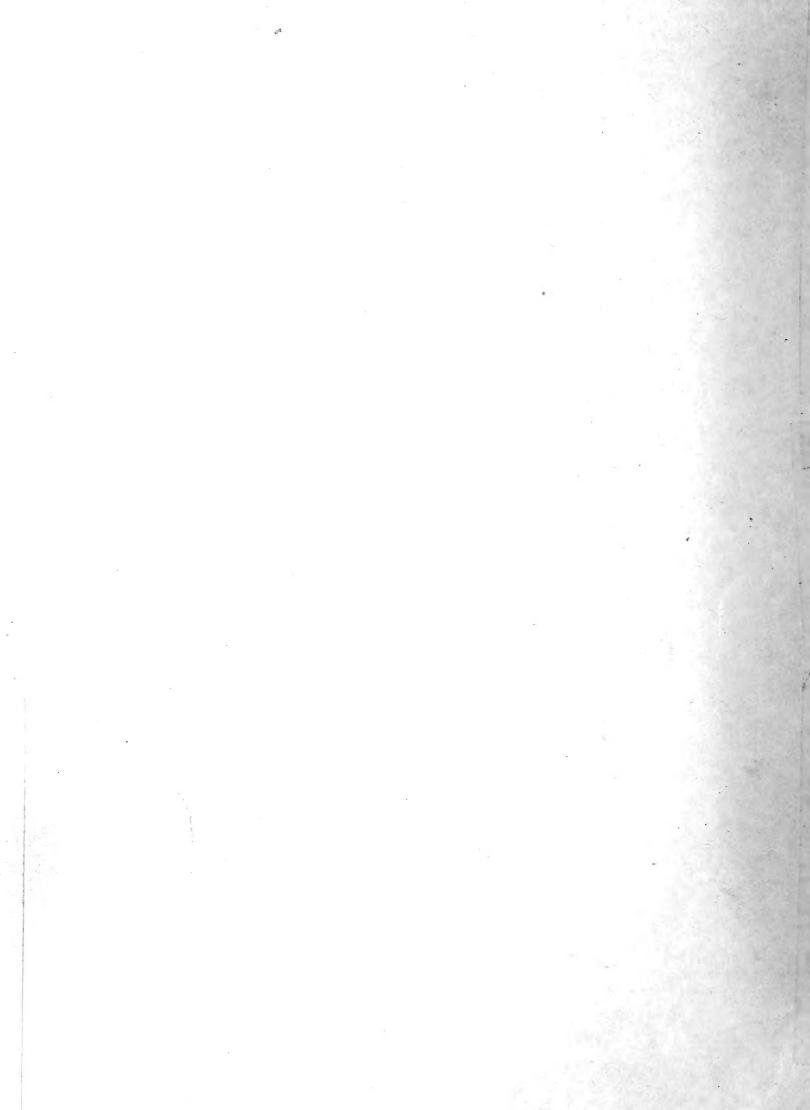
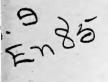
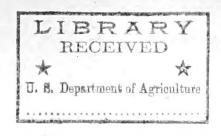
# **Historic, Archive Document**

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.







E-11.

### MONTHLY LETTER OF THE BUREAU OF ENTOMOLOGY.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Number 14.

June, 1915

#### INSPECTION OF FIELD STATIONS DURING JULY.

Dr. L. O. Howard, Chief of the Bureau of Entomology, will visit certain field stations of the bureau during July and August, especially in the far West.

#### NEWSPAPER CLIPPINGS WANTED.

Field men should send any and all clippings relating to any forms of insects or insect damage, domestic or foreign, to the chief of the bureau.

There is a small form, on which such clippings should be pasted, which will be furnished the field force upon application. [L. O. H.]

#### LIBRARY.

MISS MABEL COLCORD, In Charge.

Binding for the bureau library will be sent to the Government Printing Office in July. The librarian requests that the different offices to which books are charged more or less permanently will report such as need binding that they may be recalled and sent with others from the library at that time.

The bureau library has quite a number of duplicate bulletins on entomology from the various State experiment stations. If any of the offices or field stations will send in a memorandum of such as they may need, these will be forwarded, so far as possible, upon receipt of application.

#### NEW BOOKS IN LIBRARY.

Blunno, Michele—The use of phyiloxera-resistant stock. 1914. (New South Wales. Dept. Agr. Farmers' Bul. 80.) Buttel-Reepen, H. B. von.—Leben und wesen der bienen. 300 p. Braunschweig, 1915.

Ealand, C. A.—Insects and man. 332 p. New York, 1915.

Gibson, Arthur.—The army-worm. (Canada. Dept. Agr., Entom. Branch, Bul. 9. 1915.

Illick, J. S.—Pennsylvania trees. (Penn. Dept. Forestry, Bul. 11. June, 1914.)

Entomologisches jahrbuch for 1913 and for 1914.—Leipzig, 1913-1914.

Lumsden, L. L.—Typhoid fever; its causation and prevention. (Public Health Bulletin No. 69.)

Mordvilko, A. K.—Insectes hémiptères, v. 1, livr. 1. Petrograd, 1914.

Ramsay, A. A.—Lime-sulphur sprays; their manufacture, composition, and use. 1915. (New South Wales. Dept. Agr. Science Bul. No. 13.)

Schenkling, S.—Coleopterorum Catalogus, pt. 62. Spaeth. Chrysomelidae: 16 Cassidinae. Berlin, 1914.

Step, Edward.—Marvels of insect life. London, 1915.

Tutt, J. W.—Natural history of British butterflies, v. 4. London, 1910-1914. (British Lepidoptera, v. 11.)

U. S. Dept. Agriculture.—Yearbook for 1914. Washington, 1915.

Waterhouse, G. A.—The butterflies of Australia. Sydney, 1914.

Winn, A. F., and Beaulieu, G.—Insects of the Province of Quebec, pt. 2. Diptera. Ottawa, 1915. pt. 1 is "Lepidoptera," 1912.

LIBRARY
RECEIVED

JUL 161915 A. U. S. Department of Agriculture

Answered\_

307-15

## REPORT OF EDITORIAL WORK FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1915.

U.S. Departme	ent of Agriculture:			
		Is- sued.	In press.	In man- uscript.
Bulletins.			0	
Technical Series			0	1
Monthly Letters			1	0
	ons from the Bureau of Entomology—			
	l of Agricultural Research		2	1
	ns		20	2
	rs' Bulletins		7	. 1
	ook article		0	0
	nbered publications	2	0	0
	reular	0	1	0
	eports.		8	1
100	porto			
ŗ	Total for year	75	39	6
Total publi	cations issued, 75.			
	in press, 115.			1
Total publi	cations handled, 120.			
	BULLETINS.		1	
Number.	Title. Author.		Iss	ued.
94, Pt. II.	Biology of the Termites of the Eastern United States,		72.1	15 1015
115	etc			
$\frac{115}{116}$	dodo			5, 1915
127	do			18, 1915 16, 1914
121			Dec.	10, 1914
	TECHNICAL SERIES.	*		
17, Pt. II.	Preliminary Classification of the superfamily Scoly-			7
,	toidea A. D. Hopkins		Jan.	9, 1915
23	Contents and Index		June	22, 1915
25, Pt. II.	The yellow clover aphis			12, 1914
25	Contents and Index		Apr.	26, 1915
27, Pt. II.	Classification of the Aleyrodidae			
27	Contents and Index		Feb.	13 1915
UNNUMBERED PUBLICATIONS.				
	The Pink Bollworm W. D. Hunter		A	B 1014
	The Boll Weevil in 1914. W. D. Hunter.		Aug.	7, 1914
•	The Boil Weevillin 1011		Jan.	1, 1915
	CONTRIBUTIONS OF THE BUREAU OF ENTOMOLOGY.			
	BULLETINS.			
95	Insect damage to the cones and seeds of Pacific Coast			
90	conifers J. M. Miller		Tealer	0.7074
96	Temperature of the bee colony B. N. Gates		July	9, 1914
100	Walnut aphides in California. W. M. Davidson.		Aug	22, 1914
111	The Sequoia pitch moth		9	31, 1914
112	The oat aphis		Ang	11, 1914 21, 1914
113	The lesser bud-moth E. W. Scott and J. H. Pair	1e	Ang.	22 1914
118	Experiments in the destruction of fly larvae in horse			
	manure	es	July	14, 1914
124	The alfalfa caterpillar V. L. Wildermuth		Aug.	28, 1914
131	Repellents for protecting animals from the attacks of			
704	flies		Sept.	10, 1914
134	Citrus fruit insects in Mediterranean countries H. J. Quayle	• • • • • •	Oct.	7, 1914

Numb	er.	Title.	Author.	Iss	sued.
156		Wireworms attacking cereal and forage crops			
160		Cactus solution as an adhesive in arsenical sprays for			
		insects			
161		The Mediterranean fruit fly in Bermuda	E. A. Back	Dec.	18, 1914
165		Quassiin as a contact insecticide			
167		Para-dichlorobenzene as an insect fumigant			
170		European pine-shoot moth			9,1915
173		Life history and habits of the pear thrips in California.			,
184		The Huisache girdler			8, 1915
186		A method of fumigating seed	E. R. Sasscer	reb.	27,1915
189		Studies of the codling moth in the central Appalachian region	F F Brooks and F B Blakesloo	Ann	19 1015
192		Insects affecting vegetable crops in Porto Rico	T H Iones	Apr.	8, 1915
197		Homemade lime-sulphur concentrate			,
200		A maggot trap in practical use			4, 1915
204		Report on the gipsy moth work in New England			,
221		The Southern corn leaf-beetle			
226		The verbena bud-moth			
233		Relation of the Arizona wild cotton weevil to cotton			,
		planting in the arid West		May	27, 1915
235		Control of dried fruit insects in California			
239		The eggplant lace-bug	D. E. Fink	$_{ m June}$	24, 1915
264	3	The violet rove-beetle	F. H. Chittenden	June	15, 1915
~		FARMERS' BULLETINS.			
606		Collection and preservation of insects and other mate-			
000		rial for use in the study of agriculture	C. H. Lane and Nathan Banks.	Aug.	20, 1914
626		The carpet beetle or "Buffalo moth"			2, 1914
627		The house centipede			15, 1914
634		The larger corn stalk-borer	G. G. Ainslie	Dec.	7,1914
636		The chalcis fly in alfalfa seed			31, 1914
637		The grasshopper problem and alfalfa culture			25, 1915
640		The Hessian fly			
649		Alfalfa attacked by clover-root curculio			
650		The San Jose scale and its control			
657		The chinch bug			6,1915
658		Cockroaches			
659		The true clothes moths			5, 1915
662		The apple-tree tent caterpillar			
668		The squash-vine borer	F. H. Unittenden	Мау	26, 1915
671		Harvest mites or chiggers	r. H. Chittenden	May	20, 1919
		JOURNAL OF AGRICULTURAL RE			
Vol.	II, No. 6.	A new sarcophagid parasite of grasshoppers	E. O. G. Kelly	Sept.	25, 1914
	No. 6.	Papaya fruit fly		-	
			Yothers	Sept.	25, 1914
	III, No. 2.	Apple root borer	Fred E. Brooks	Nov.	16, 1914
	III, No. 3.	Life history of the melon fly	E. A. Back & C. E. Pemberton.	Dec.	15, 1914
	No. 4.	Susceptibility of citrus fruits to the attack of the Medi-	E A Pools and C E Domboo	T	75 7075
		terranean fruit fly	E. A. Dack and U. E. Femberton.	Jan.	15, 1915
	No. 4.	Three-cornered alfalfa hopper.	v. D. Wildermuth	Jan.	15, 1915
	No. 5.	Life history of the Mediterranean fruit fly from the	E A Backand C E Pambouton	Fob	15 1015
	TTT 37 C	standpoint of parasite introduction	R W Glasor	Man	15, 1915 15, 1915
	IV, No. 2.	Wilt of gipsy moth caterpillars	E O G Kelly	Juna	15, 1915 15, 1915
	No. 3.	Some sugar-cane root-boring weevils of the West	I. O. G. Hony	June	10, 1010
	No. 3.	Indies	W. D. Pierce	June	15, 1915
		Indies	= 1 22000 11111111111111111111111111111	o ano	20, 2020

#### REPORTS, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

Number.	Title.	Author.	İs	ssued.
99	Classification of the Cryphalinæ with descriptions of			
	new species	A. D. Hopkins	Mar.	10, 1915
101	The wooly apple aphis	A. C. Baker	Mar.	31, 1915
102	Descriptions of some weevils reared from cotton in			
	Peru	W. D. Pierce	Jan.	25, 1915
107	Larvæ of the Prioninæ	F. C. Craighead	June	25, 1915

#### BEE CULTURE.

#### Dr. E. F. Phillips, In Charge.

Mr. George S. Demuth is absent on leave, being engaged in looking after his extensive apiary at Peru, Ind.

Dr. N. E. McIndoo is to be transferred on July 1 to the Office of Deciduous Fruit Insect Investigations, where he will take up some new lines of work.

Dr. A. H. McCray is expecting to transfer his work on bee diseases to the Drummond Laboratory about July 1.

#### CEREAL AND FORAGE INSECT INVESTIGATIONS.

#### F. M. Webster, In Charge.

Mr. L. P. Rockwood has returned to his field station from an investigation of alfalfa insects in the Yakima Valley, Wash.

Mr. T. D. Urbahns, of the Pasadena field laboratory, is looking after serious outbreaks of

grasshoppers in the San Joaquin and Sacramento Valleys, Cal.

Mr. V. L. Wildermuth is on a trip of investigation throughout northern Arizona, making observations on the distribution and work of *Chaetocnema ectypa* and *Languria mozardi*, the former being quite destructive to corn and other crops, while the latter has been found much more destructive to alfalfa than in the eastern portion of the country. Other insects will also claim his attention.

Mr. E. O. G. Kelly is paying a visit to the Charleston (Mo.) field station, and, with Mr. Gibson in charge, is investigating the early stages of *Myochrous denticollis*.

Mr. George G. Ainslie is on a trip of investigation of various species of Crambidæ, which seems to be doing a great deal of damage in the cornfields the present year, his trip taking him through the States of Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, South Dakota, Minnesota, Illinois, and Iowa.

Mr. J. J. Davis has returned from a trip of investigation of Lachnosterna through Wisconsin, northern and southern Michigan.

Dr. Henry Fox and Mr. W. T. Emery are away from their field stations at Charlottesville, Va., investigating outbreaks of the southern corn rootworm (*Diabrotica 12-punctata*) and the sugar-cane beetle (*Ligyrus rugiceps*) in southern Virginia.

Mr. W. R. Walton, of the Washington office, investigated an outbreak of chinch bug in western Virginia.

Mr. A. B. Gahan has just returned from a trip to Canada to examine the Provancher types of parasitic Hymenoptera. Mr. Gahan found some surprises and is confident that many obscurities at present existing relative to these types will be dispelled.

Mr. Harrison E. Smith, of the Springfield (Mass.) laboratory, is in the midst of an extended campaign against grasshopper outbreaks in the Merrimac and Connecticut Valleys; besides, he is making arrangements for the collection and transportation of Compsilura to the field station

at Maxwell, N. Mex., to be used in range caterpillar investigations, and to Mr. R. N. Wilson, of the Gainesville (Fla.) laboratory, for colonization of the fall army worm (*Laphygma frugiperda*).

Mr. C. N. Ainslie, of the Elk Point (S. Dak.) station, is on an extended trip through Nebraska and Iowa investigating the peculiar Hessian fly conditions that exist in those localities, cooperating in Iowa with R. L. Webster, entomologist in charge at the Iowa Experiment Station.

Mr. P. H. Timberlake, of the Salt Lake City laboratory, in Mr. Rockwood's absence, is being assisted by Mr. Bevan, a temporary appointee from Colorado, in the distribution of the Canidiella parasites of the alfalfa weevil. Colonies of this parasite have been established at Murray, Salt Lake, Ogden, Kaysville, and Taylorsville, and it is expected to place additional colonies at Holliday, Provo, Logan, Brigham, and Park City.

Mr. James A. Hyslop, of the Hagerstown laboratory, is on a trip of investigation of wireworm

outbreaks in New Jersey and New York.

Mr. P. R. Myers, of the Hagerstown station, is investigating the Hessian fly situation in Pennsylvania.

#### DECIDUOUS FRUIT INSECT INVESTIGATIONS.

#### A. L. QUAINTANCE, In Charge.

Mr. H. B. Scammell, engaged in cranberry insect investigations with headquarters at Pemberton, N. J., reports unusual abundance and injury from the so-called cranberry tipworm, *Dasyneura vaccinii*, in cranberry bogs in that State. Careful biological studies are in progress, as well as experiments with remedies.

The present spring has witnessed an unusual outbreak of Galerucella cavicollis, which has been many times reported from Pennsylvania, New York, West Virginia, Michigan, and else-

where, and has been especially injurious to cherry as well as peach.

Mr. E. H. Siegler, with headquarters at Grand Junction, Colo., reports very heavy damage to fruit in the Grand Valley by late spring frosts. Orchards have been found, however, with sufficient fruit to permit of experimental spraying for the codling moth, and there is abundant material of this species for life-history studies.

Mr. Fred E. Brooks has recently returned to his headquarters at French Creek, W. Va., from an extended trip through the South in connection with studies of the distribution and

destructiveness of various species of apple-tree borers, especially Saperda candida.

Messrs. R. L. Nougaret and W. M. Davidson, of the Walnut Creek laboratory in California, will be in attendance at the International Congress of Viticulture, convening in San Francisco in connection with the Panama-Pacific Exposition, and will present a paper on the grape Phylloxera in California.

With the cooperation of Mr. A. F. Burgess, in charge of moth work, an effort is being made to introduce *Calosoma sycophanta* into certain apple-growing regions in the West. It will also be introduced in orchard-growing localities in the Alleghany Mountain region.

Mr. John B. Gill, of the Monticello, Fla., laboratory, has just completed a tour of investigation of pecan insects, visiting points in Mississippi and Louisiana.

Mr. Dwight Isely has recently completed a trip of inspection of vineyards in northern

Ohio to determine the status of the grape berry moth, grape rootworm, etc.

An interesting and important addition to the knowledge of the life history of the brown grape aphid, *Macrosiphum viticola*, was reported in Science, vol. 41, n. s., No. 1066, by Messrs. A. C. Baker and W. F. Turner. *Viburnum prunifolium* was found to be an alternate food plant on which the insect winters.

#### FOREST INSECT INVESTIGATIONS.

A. D. HOPKINS, In Charge.

Mr. A. B. Champlain has been transferred from the field station at Colorado Springs, Colo., to the station at East Falls Church, Va., where he will continue his studies of beneficial forest Coleoptera.

Mr. Carl Heinrich has just returned from a two weeks tour in New York and Pennsylvania of investigations of the European pine-shoot moth (*Evetria buoliana*) and an outbreak of

cankerworms.

Dr. A. D. Hopkins has spent about 10 days at Kanawha Station, W. Va., in connection with experimental work on insects affecting rustic work, a continuation of life-history studies

on trap trees and general field work on forest insects.

- Mr. F. C. Craighead spent about two days at Chillicothe, Ohio, examining a large poplar plantation for insect damage and arranging for experiments in the control of the borer and other insects affecting the poplar. Also three days at Kanawha Station, W. Va., where he was successful in collecting a large series of all stages of the very rare cerambycid beetle (*Leptura emarginatus*) and making some interesting new observations on hickory, ash, and oak insects. Mr. Craighead has just returned from a trip to Boston to study the results of experiments in the control of *Agrilus bilineatus*, which is responsible for the death of oak trees defoliated by the gipsy moth, and he reports that the experiments of disposing of the infestation in the principally infested trees has had a marked effect in reducing the number of dead trees. He also spent a day on Long Island inspecting the control work conducted on an estate against *Scolytus quadrispinosus* on hickory trees and *Agrilus bilineatus* on oak trees defoliated by cankerworms and tent caterpillars. He found that the control work had been done according to recommendations and with apparent success.
- Mr. T. E. Snyder returned June 23 from a 10 days trip through the southern Appalachian Mountains in Virginia, Tennessee, and North Carolina to study the present status of infestation by the southern pine beetle (*Dendroctonus frontalis*) and to collect material; also to study the blight on white-pine twigs and the galls on spruce caused by a species of *Chermes*. In the course of his trip the White Top Purchase Area in Virginia and Tennessee was visited, where the Forest Service, upon recommendations of this branch, cut and burned the bark in March, 1915, on approximately 1,600 infested pine trees. Mr. Snyder found only three trees containing broods of *D. frontalis*, and these trees were not in the immediate vicinity of treated areas, which indicates the success of the control work. In the study of the *Chermes* blight the stands of spruce on White Top Mountain in Virginia, elevation 5,520 feet, and on Mount Mitchell in North Carolina, elevation 6,711 feet, were examined, as well as the white pine in the valleys, but no evidence of the pine twig blight or new *Chermes* galls were found in the localities where both were so common last year.
- Mr. S. A. Rohwer has just returned from a tour into Canada and the New England States to study the types of parasitic Hymenoptera. A week was spent in Ottawa working over the types of Harrington and Provancher in the personal collection of W. H. Harrington and in the collection of the Division of Entomology of the Department of Agriculture, Canada. About three weeks were spent in studying the bulk of the Provancher collection, which is in the Museum of Public Instruction in the Parliamentary Building, Quebec. This collection contains most of the types of Provancher and is in fair condition, arranged exactly as left by Provancher. Another week was spent in Boston studying in the Museum of Cambridge University and in New Haven studying the Norton types in the collection of the Peabody Museum of Yale University.

Mr. W. S. Fisher has just returned from Harrisburg, Pa., where he is carrying on investigations of the hickory bark beetle.

#### SOUTHERN FIELD CROP INSECT INVESTIGATIONS.

W. D. Hunter, In Charge.

Prof. G. W. Herrick, of Cornell University, made a trip to Louisiana at the end of the month to inspect the work on the boll weevil and on malaria mosquitoes.

Mr. W. D. Pierce made a short trip during the month to Atlanta, Ga., for a conference with the State entomologist, and Thomasville, Ga., to arrange for cooperation experiments between G. D. Smith, of this bureau, and the Georgia State Board of Entomology, and to Clarksville, Tenn., for a conference with the men engaged in tobacco-insect investigations. He also visited various points in the boll weevil infested territory.

Mr. D. L. Van Dine visited Washington for a conference during the month.

Mr. G. A. Runner has closed his laboratory at Richmond, Va., and will hereafter be stationed at Clarksville, Tenn. He made a short trip to Schenectady, N. Y., in connection with the tests of X-ray control of the cigarette beetle.

Mr. W. E. Dove has been assigned to horsefly experiments at Aberdeen, S. Dak.

The following temporary field assistants have been appointed and detailed for investigations of tobacco insects: Messrs. D. M. De Long, Charles Hauck, F. C. Liles, Frank G. Sorrels, Oakley M. Shelby, Mack S. Linebaugh, Samuel F. Grubbs, Carl A. Wickland, Richard K. Catlett, and Walter C. Nagle.

Messrs. E. K. Bynum and W. B. Williams have been appointed temporary field assistants and detailed for the investigation of the cotton boll weevil.

Mr. Max Kisliuk, jr., has been appointed a temporary field assistant and detailed to investigate the house fly at Drummond, Md.

#### TROPICAL AND SUBTROPICAL INSECT INVESTIGATIONS.

C. L. MARLATT, In Charge.

Mr. H. L. Sanford, inspector of the Federal Horticultural Board, recently detected a severe infestation of *Targionia harti* (Ckll.) on yams from the Philippine Islands. This scale insect has also been previously taken on tubers received from the West Indies.

A new quarantine inspection house is nearing completion in the Mall near the corner of Twelfth and B Streets NW. In the future all nursery stock addressed to the Department of Agriculture will be delivered to this house for inspection, and, if necessary, will be grown in quarantine in a tightly screened greenhouse constructed for this purpose.

Mr. E. R. Sasscer recently conducted some very interesting hydrocyanic-acid gas vacuum fumigation experiments with 30 bales of Egyptian cotton supplied by various New England cotton mills. The results of these tests indicate that the gas penetrates throughout the entire bale, and, in fact, adults of the common bean weevil (*Bruchus obtectus* Say), adults of the rice weevil (*Calandra oryza* L.), and larvæ of the clothes moths were killed at various points in the bales. This cotton has been returned to the mills, and is now being put through various milling tests in comparison with unfumigated cotton of a similar grade. All fumigated bales have been examined for residual gas, with the result that about five ten-millionths of a gram could be detected in each bale by the use of a very delicate test.

#### TRUCK CROP AND STORED PRODUCT INSECT INVESTIGATIONS.

F. H. CHITTENDEN, In Charge.

Mr. A. B. Duckett, scientific assistant, has just returned from a trip in New Jersey, where he has been investigating insects injurious to strawberries.

Mr. F. R. Cole, scientific assistant, a graduate of Pomona College, Cal., formerly located at Pasadena, Cal., has been transferred to Washington, D. C.

Dr. C. P. Gillette, director, Agricultural Experiment Station, Fort Collins, Colo., whose name is widely known as a specialist on aphides, leafhoppers, and related groups, has been appointed collaborator.

Mr. G. E. Bensel, for several years interested in practical entomology, has been appointed

as collaborator in sugar-beet insect investigations, with headquarters at Oxnard, Cal.

We regret to announce that Mr. H. M. Russell, entomological assistant, who has been with this branch of the bureau for many years, died at Phoenix, Ariz., June 25, 1915.